近年來，自駕車被期望能解決道路安全上的問題。然而在目前的實際道路測試中，自駕車過於保守的駕駛行為，反而導致與人類駕駛發生碰撞機率上升。在過渡時期，若無法解決自駕車與人類駕駛行為上的差異，將無法保證道路安全，甚而影響自駕車發展。因此，本研究模擬數種不同的駕駛行為，以進行不同駕駛風格的分析。在道駕中，無論是自駕系統或人類駕駛，常會因為環境及其他用路人行為而有不同的決策。此決策會依駕駛風格而異。更進一步，影響駕駛風格的主要因素之一，便是對於碰撞風險的承受度。因為容易被量化且直觀，評估此風險的方法眾多。當中被廣泛使用的策略為機率風險法，它是透過機率分佈計算車輛發生碰撞的可能性。而指數分佈模型便是在此方法中評估碰撞機率風險的重要手段。此模型是透過駕駛與障礙物距離呈指數關係來評估風險。因此，本研究便是使用指數分佈模型分析駕駛碰撞風險，並以最佳化模擬駕駛基於碰撞風險進行決策的行為。

Over the past few years, autonomous vehicles have been expected to be able to solve traffic accident problems. However, during actual road test, the overly cautious driving behavior of autonomous vehicles has led to an increased probability of collisions with human drivers. In the transition period, provided the driving behavior difference between autonomous vehicles and humans can not be resolved, the safety of road might not be guaranteed. Moreover, this would probably influent the progress of autonomous vehicles. Because of this, several simulations of various driving behavior have been conducted in this research in order to analyze different driving style. On a road driving maneuver, no matter a driver is an autonomous system or a human motorist, various decisions would be made based on surrounding environment and other road users’ behavior. These decisions could different from different driving styles. Furthermore, one of the main factors that impact the driving styles is the driver’s tolerance of collision risk. There are many methods to evaluate the risk because it is intuitive and easy to be quantified. One of the strategies which has been widely used is probabilistic risk assessment. This method calculates the likelihood of vehicle collision through probability distributions. In this method, the exponential distribution model is the key measure to assesses the collision risk. This model evaluates the risk through exponential relationship of distances between a driver and obstacles. Therefore, this research analyze drivers’ collision risk by exponential distribution model, and simulate the crush risk – based decisions of drivers by optimization.

In the reality, drivers usually make different decisions according to the environment and other road users. Plenty of method has been used to evaluate this collision risk. One of the strategies which has been widely used is probabilistic risk assessment. This method calculates the likelihood of vehicle collision through probability distributions.